



2018 "One Belt and One Road" Rail Transport Forum

European Market Access Requirements and "4th Railway Package"

European market access – 4th railway package

1	One-Belt-One-Road to Europe
2	European Rail system
3	4th Railway Package
4	European market access
5	European market access - TÜV Rheinland as partner

European market access – 4th Railway Package

1	One-Belt-One-Road – to Europe
2	European Rail system
3	4th Railway Package
4	European market access
5	European market access - TÜV Rheinland as partner

One-Belt-One-Road – China interest

China and Gulf states discuss OTIF accession to support international freight

24 Apr 2018



INTERNATIONAL: China and the Gulf Co-Operation Council member states are discussing accession to the COTIF convention, which provides a legal framework for the operation of international rail traffic.

China's interest is related to the growth of east-west freight traffic to and from Europe. Its accession would be politically significant for the Intergovernmental Organisation for International Carriage by Rail which manages COTIF, the head of OTIF's Technical Interoperability Department Bas Leermakers told *Railway Gazette International* at the EUMedRail conference on April 24. OTIF has traditionally had its roots in western Europe, and while it works on a principle of 'one country, one vote', China could have significant influence.

The GCC states are interested in accession because they will need to establish a suitable legal framework as rail networks in the region expand and eventually connect, and COTIF provides ready-made system proven in Europe and elsewhere over 125 years.

COTIF is also working on a new appendix governing safety. This would be compatible with EU requirements, enabling countries which neighbour EU member states to align themselves with members. It could also be of use to countries further afield looking to standardise.

OTIF and the Universal Postal Union have formed a working group to develop rules for carrying postal traffic by rail.

Leermakers said the legal frameworks governing other modes of transport, including air and shipping, have specific exclusions for postal traffic, which is transported under the UPU's dedicated rules rather than mode-specific ones. This affects issues such as customs inspection. However, COTIF does not have this exemption, complicating the carriage of post by rail. Changing the convention would be complex, and so the group is studying possible options.

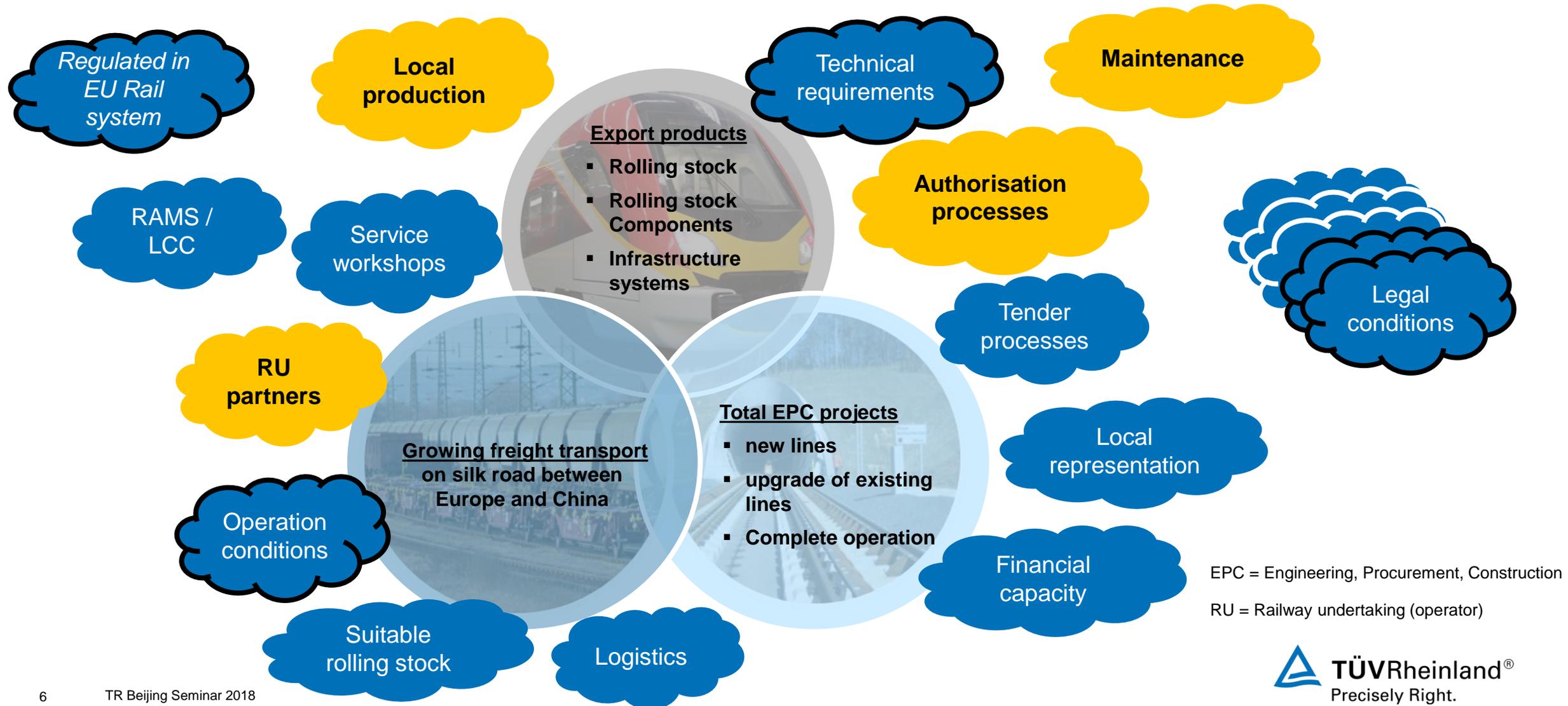
The current legal framework is not in practice hindering growth in the sector, Leermakers said, with the boom in e-commerce generating significant parcels traffic between China and Europe.

Sources: Railway Gazette

One-Belt-One-Road – European market

Chinese interests on the European market?

Considerations !



EPC = Engineering, Procurement, Construction

RU = Railway undertaking (operator)

European market access – 4th Railway Package

1	One-Belt-One-Road – to Europe
2	European Rail system
3	4th Railway Package
4	European market access
5	European market access - TÜV Rheinland as partner

European Rail System - Definitions

”Making the Railway System Work Better for Society”

Community Rail System^[1] also called **Railway System^[2]** or **Rail System^[3]**

covers all rail-bound systems within the European Community

e.g. DB, SNCF, RATP, KVB others

[1] Reference: DIRECTIVE 2004/49/EC, (4)

[2] Reference: DIRECTIVE 2004/49/EC, (5)

[3] Reference: DIRECTIVE 2008/57/EC, Article 1.1 and 2016/797/EC



European Rail System - Exceptions

- metros; trams and light rail vehicles, and infrastructure used exclusively by those vehicles;
- networks that are functionally separate from the rest of the Union rail system and intended only for the operation of local, urban or suburban passenger services, as well as undertakings operating solely on those networks.

Member states may exclude:

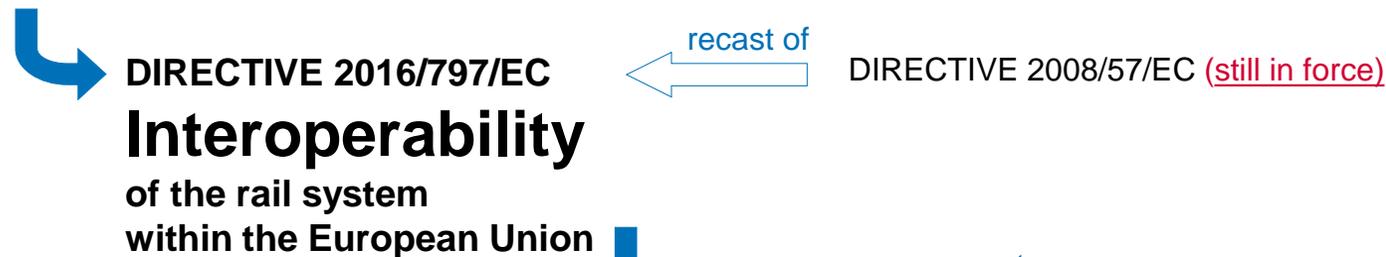
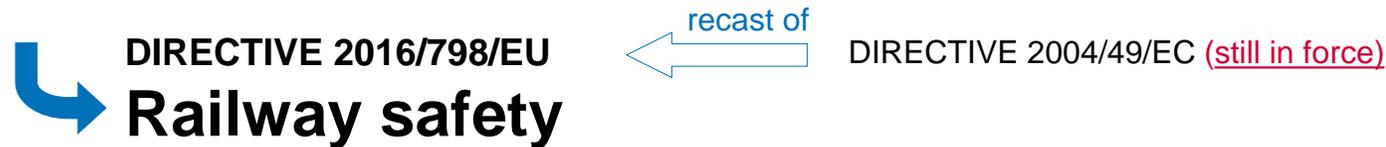
- privately owned railway infrastructure and vehicles exclusively used on such infrastructure that exist solely for use by the owner for its own freight operations;
- infrastructure and vehicles reserved for a strictly local, historical or touristic use.
- light rail infrastructure occasionally used by heavy rail vehicles under the operational conditions of the light rail system, where it is necessary for the purposes of connectivity of those vehicles only;
- vehicles primarily used on light rail infrastructure but equipped with some heavy rail components necessary to enable transit to be effected on a confined and limited section of heavy rail infrastructure for connectivity purposes only.
- *Reference : DIRECTIVE 2016/797/EC Article 1; 3,4*



European Rail System - Directives



New Approach and the Global Approach



Transition period 3 years (2016 -2019)

Completion of the unitary European railway sector - Elimination of remaining technical barriers !



European Rail System - Safety related EU Directive

'Railway Safety' Directive

“...lays down provisions to ensure the **development and improvement of the safety** of the Union rail system and improved access to the market for rail transport services ability of a rail system to allow the **safe and uninterrupted movement of trains**”

“ It covers **safety requirements for the system as a whole**, including the **safe management** of infrastructure and of traffic operation and the interaction between **Railway Undertakings, Infrastructure Managers** and other actors in the Union rail system. “

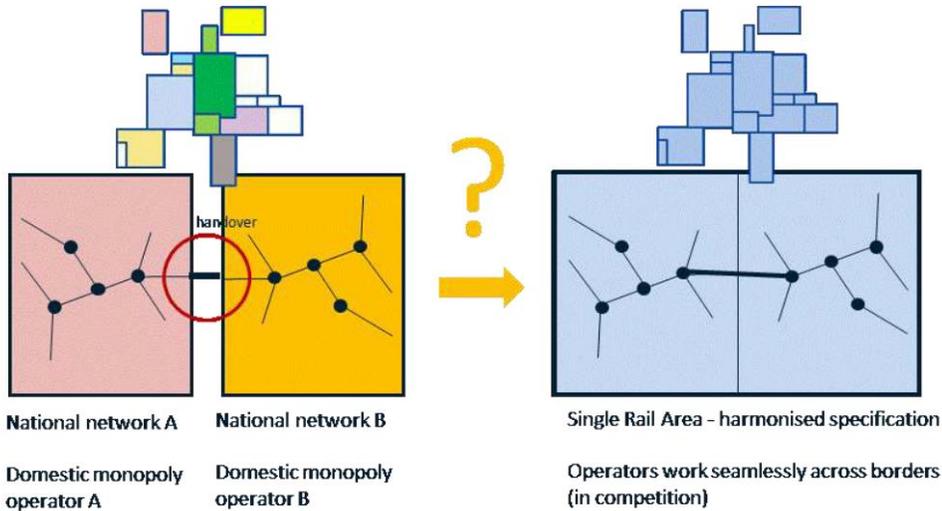
Focusing on
Operation !

Based on
safe subsystems!

SMS
(Safety management system)
for RU, IM

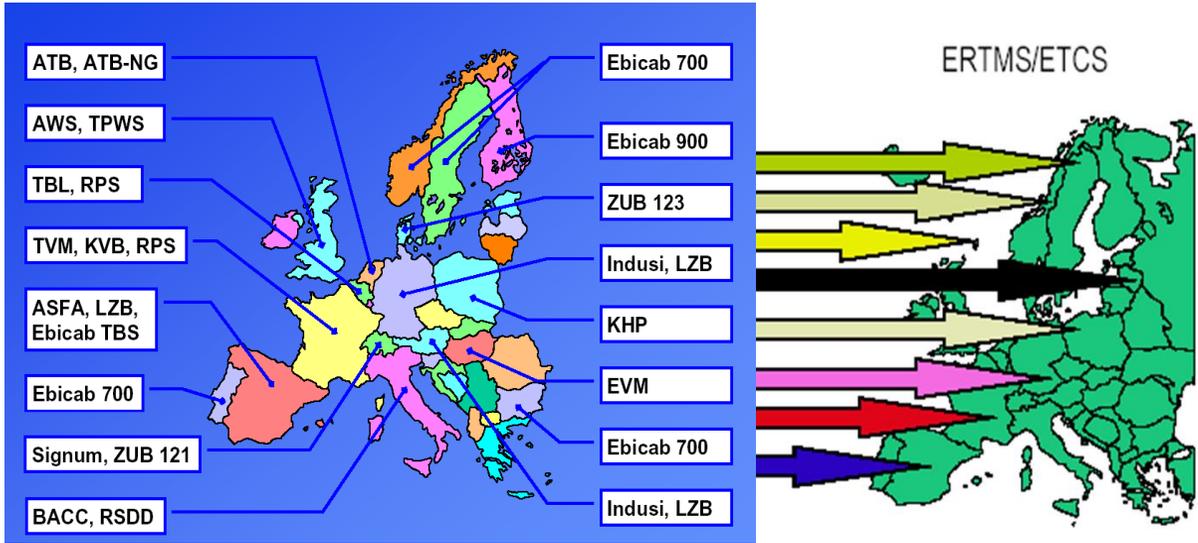


European Rail System – Interoperability Directive



Target: Single area with seamless cross border operation in competition!

Single area: harmonised specification = Interoperability!



Example: Train Protection and Control Systems within Europe today and in future!

European Rail System - Interoperability Directive

‘Interoperability’

- “ability of a rail system to allow the **safe and uninterrupted movement of trains**”
- This ability depends on all the regulatory, technical and operational conditions which must be met in order to satisfy the essential requirements”:
 - **safety**
 - reliability and availability
 - health
 - environmental protection
 - technical compatibility
 - accessibility



European Rail System - Interoperability Subsystems

Rail system is broken down in following subsystems, either

Structural Subsystems

- Infrastructure (INF)
- Energy (ENE)
- Control-command and signalling (CCS -OB, -OT)
- Rolling stock (RST) incl. Noise

or

Functional Subsystems

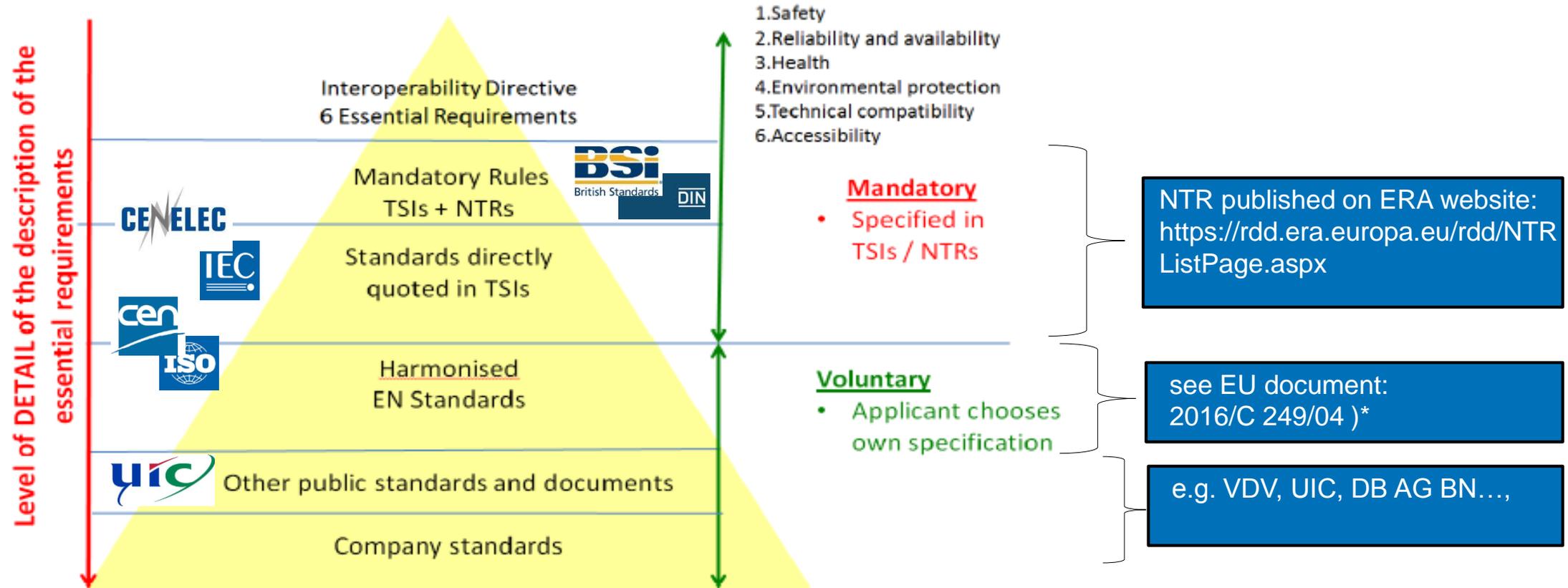
- Operation and traffic management (OPE)
- Telematics applications for passenger services (TAP)
- Telematics applications for freight services (TAF)

and

Common TSIs

- People reduced mobility (INF, RST, OPE, TAP)
- Safety Railway tunnel (INF, CCS, RST, OPE, ENE)

European Rail System Interoperability – Hierarchy of Standards



)* <http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=OJ%3AC%3A2016%3A249%3ATOC>

NTR: National Technical Rules

TSI: Technical Specification for Interoperability

European Rail System Interoperability – Example Rolling stock



2011/291/EU
TSI LOC & PAS CR



2008/232/EU
TSI RST HS



TSI LOC & PAS
COMMISSION REGULATION
(EU) No 1302/2014 of 18 November 2014
Technical specification for interoperability relating to the 'rolling stock — locomotives and passenger rolling stock' subsystem of the rail system in the European Union

- Relevant for Rolling stock:
- TSI Loc&Pas (including TSI SRT)
 - TSI PRM
 - TSI Noise
 - TSI CCS (onboard equipment)

+

NNTR

Member States: **FI - Finland**

Basic Parameters List: **2015/2299/EU**

TSIs: **Directive 2008/57/EC**

National Technical Rules				
Mandatory	MS	Basic Param.	Legal text Title in English	National Technical Rule
Rule	FI	3.2.1	FI NRD	TRAFI/15083/03.04.02.00/2013, III part, clause 1.1.1
Rule	FI	3.3.2	FI NRD	TRAFI/4690/03.04.02.00/2014 clause 2.2.2 cover Specific case 7.3.2.26 LOC & PAS TSI 1302/2014

<https://rdd.era.europa.eu/rdd/NTRLListPage.aspx>

European Rail System Interoperability – TSI LOC&PAS – Requirements

Rolling stock elements corresponding to essential requirements

Note: only points in Section 4.2 which contain requirements are listed

Essential Requirements linked to each specification

Technical requirements defined as with concrete conditions or linked to standards

Functional safety Requirements with **CSM risk assessment** for five items explicitly defined in TSI LOC&PAS:

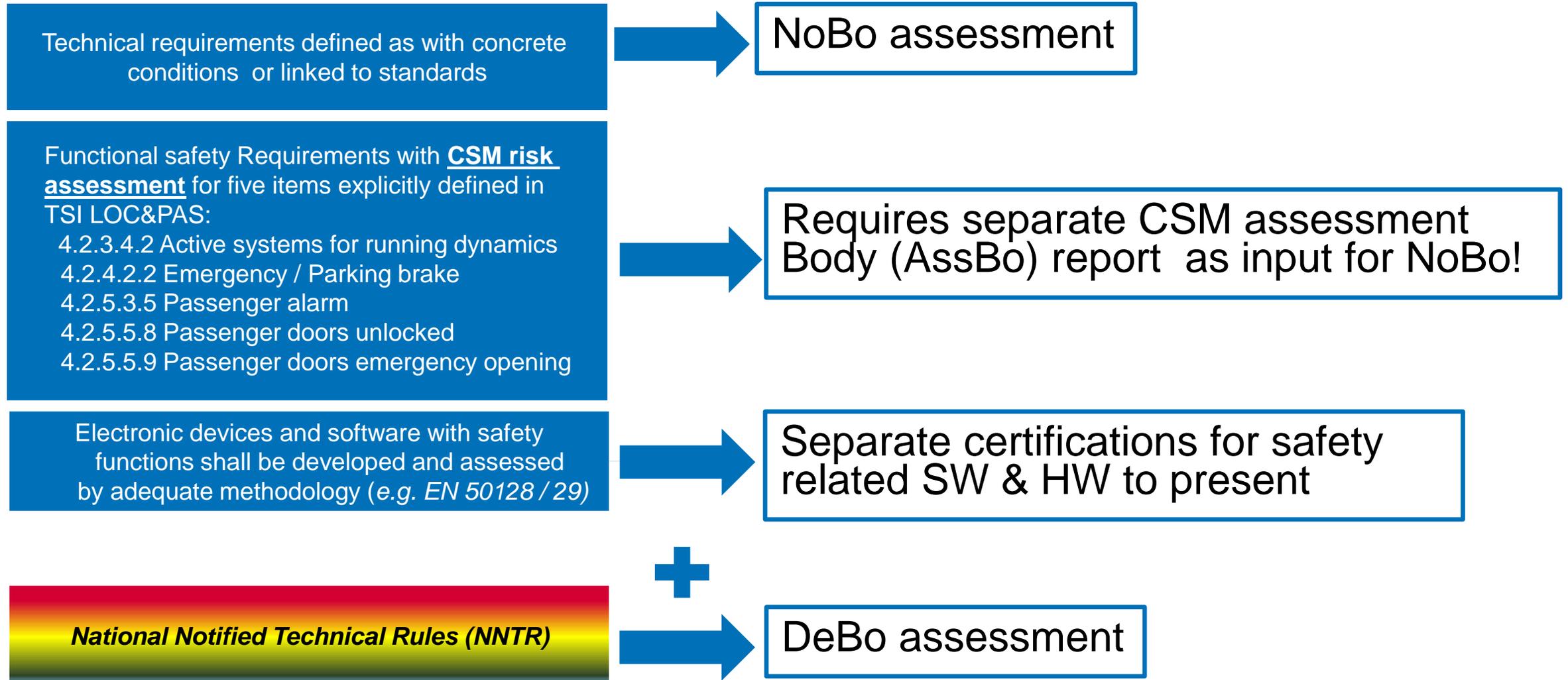
- 4.2.3.4.2 Active systems for running dynamics
- 4.2.4.2.2 Emergency / Parking brake
- 4.2.5.3.5 Passenger alarm
- 4.2.5.5.8 Passenger doors unlocked
- 4.2.5.5.9 Passenger doors emergency opening

Electronic devices and software with safety functions shall be developed and assessed by adequate methodology (e.g. EN 50128 / 29)

Ref. Point	Element of the rolling stock sub-system	Safety	Reliability-Availability	Health	Environmental protection	Technical compatibility
4.2.2.2.2	Inner coupling	1.1.3 2.4.1				
4.2.2.2.3	Mid coupling	1.1.3 2.4.1				
4.2.2.2.4	Rescue coupling		2.4.2			2.5.3
4.2.2.2.5	Staff access for coupling and uncoupling	1.1.5		2.5.1		2.5.3
4.2.5.3	Passenger alarm	2.4.1				
4.2.5.4	Communication devices for passengers	2.4.1				
4.2.5.5	Exterior doors: access to and egress from Rolling stock	2.4.1				
4.2.5.6	Exterior doors: system construction	1.1.3 2.4.1				



European Rail System Interoperability – TSI LOC&PAS – Requirements



European Rail System Interoperability - CSM RA

“The CSM (Common Safety Methods) on risk evaluation and assessment shall apply to any change of the railway system in a Member State..., which is considered to be significant....”

Those changes may be of a technical, operational or organisational nature....”
Reference: REGULATION (EC) No 402/2013, Article 2, 1.

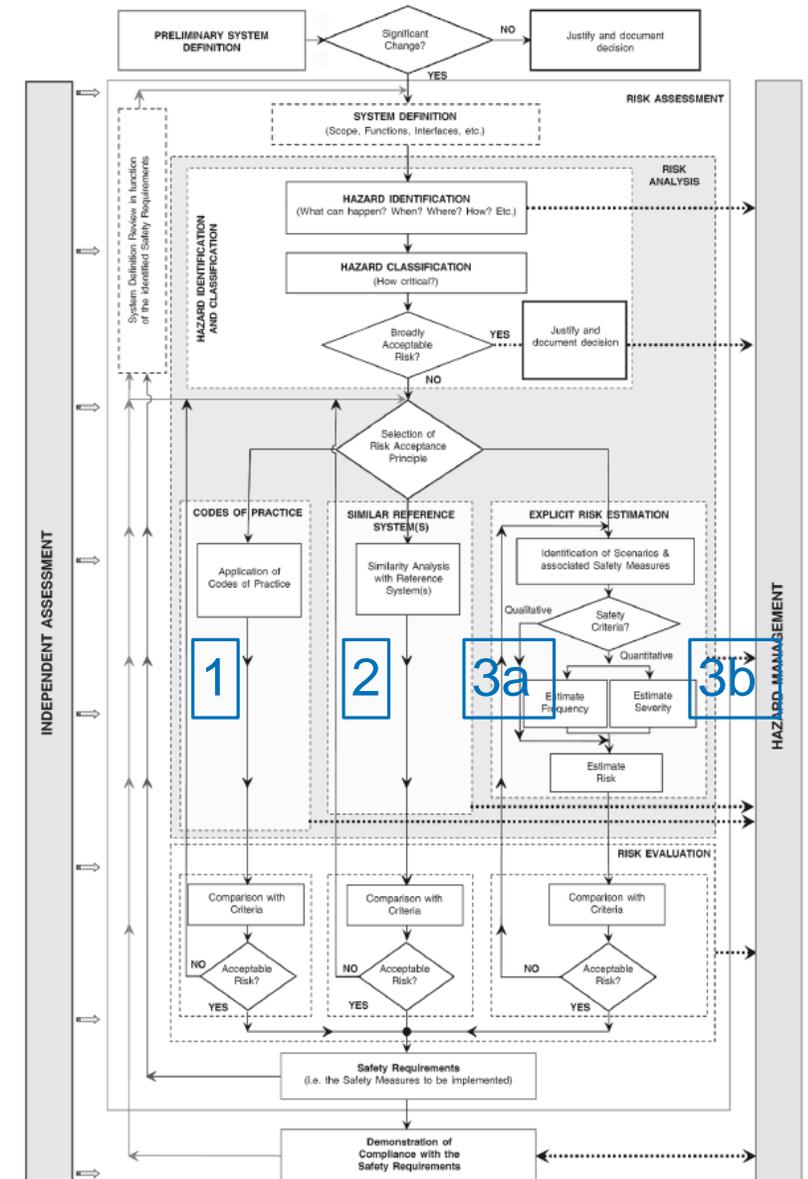
“The CSMs shall describe how the safety level, and the achievement of safety targets and compliance with other safety requirements, are assessed by elaborating and defining:
(a) risk evaluation and assessment methods”

Reference: DIRECTIVE 2004/49/EC, Article 6, 3., (a)

Risk Acceptance Principles

- 1 Code of Practice,
- 2 Reference system
- 3a Qualitative Risk Assessment (e.g. hazard will occur often)
- 3b Quantitative Risk Assessment (e.g. failure / 10^{-9} hours)

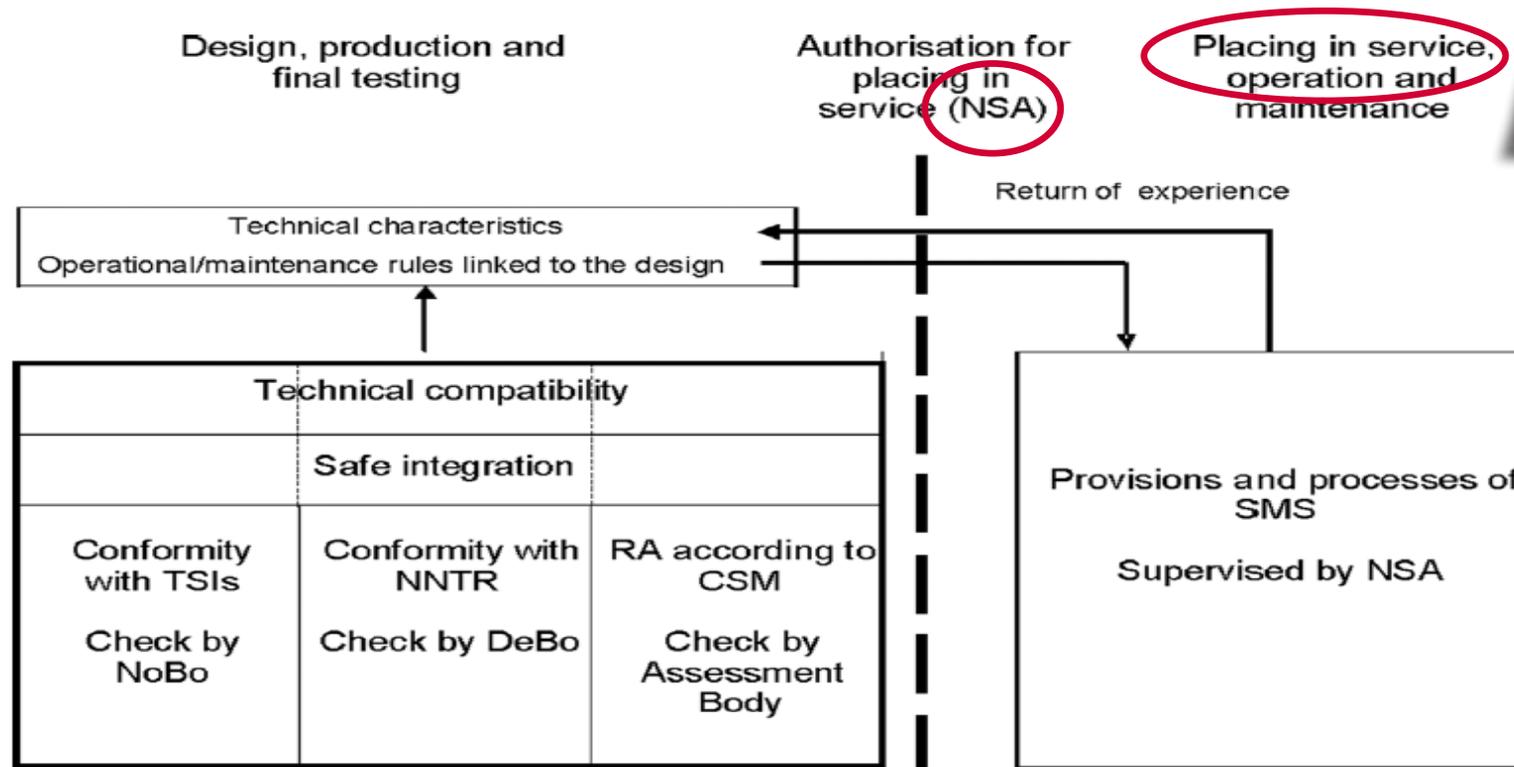
In principle all permitted, BUT choose „right tool for the job!“



Process of Placing in Service for Subsystems – 2008/57/EC

NoBo/DeBo/AsBo: safe integration, placing in service

From a general point of view Directive 2008/57/EC regulates the technical characteristics (mainly design, production and final testing) of the subsystems and vehicles and the process of their authorisation for placing in service and Directive 2004/49/EC regulates the entities that use, operate and maintain them, as shown in the following diagram.



EU recommendation for Placing subsystem in Service:
[2014/897/EU](#)

European market access – 4th Railway Package

1	One-Belt-One-Road – to Europe
2	European Rail system
3	4th Railway Package
4	European market access
5	European market access - TÜV Rheinland as partner

European Rail System – 4th Railway Package



In force since
June 2016



European Rail System – 4th Railway Package

Key elements:

After 3 years transition period ERA (EU Agency for Railways) will issue uniform throughout Europe:

- Rolling stock Authorisation
- Safety certificates for manufacturer and operator



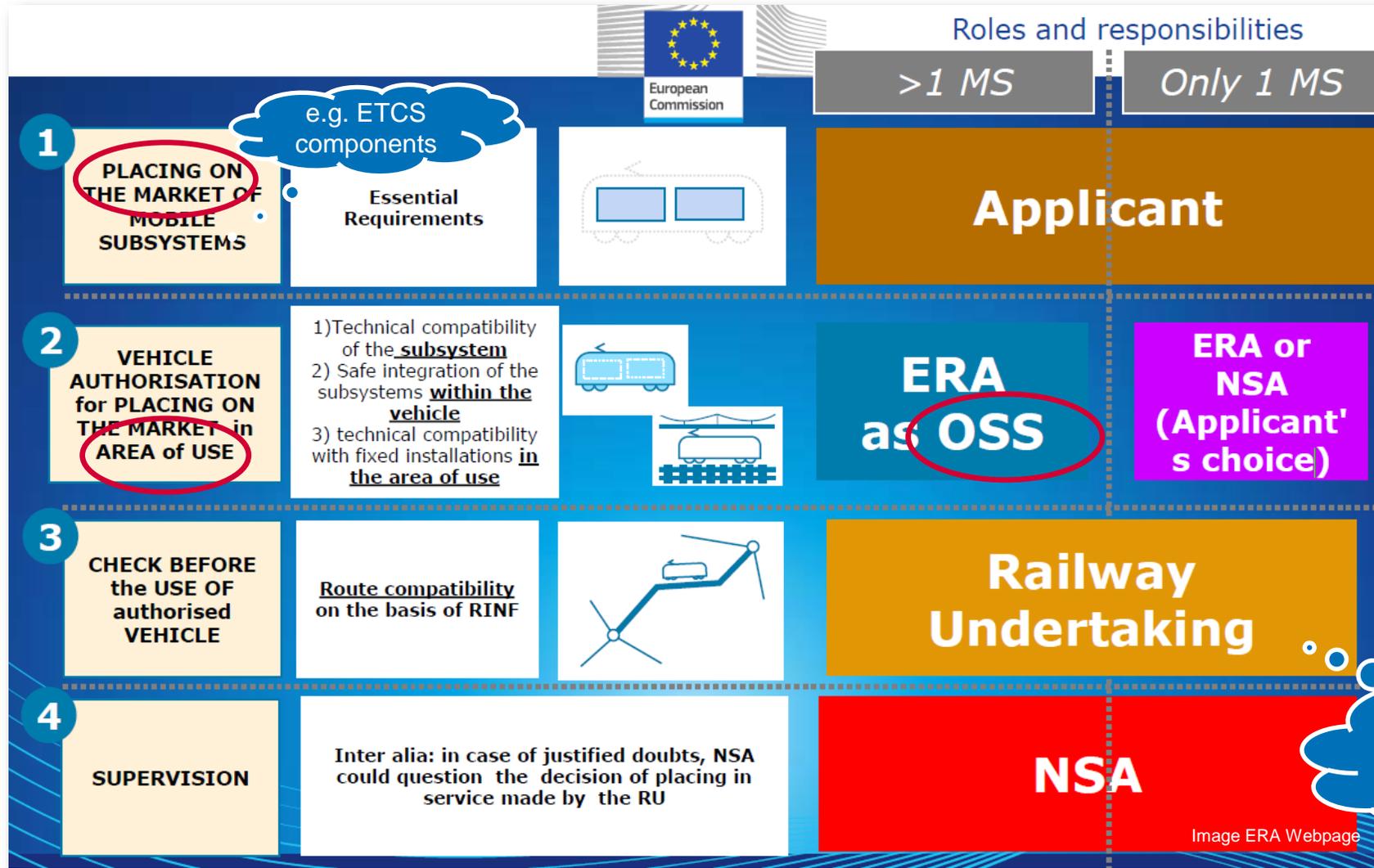
Authorization for the Agency to issue the necessary authorization to the national authorities for the ERTMS infrastructure projects (binding assessment of ERTMS specifications)

The agency will develop the so-called One-Stop-Shop in order to implement these tasks effectively.



Source: ERA

Process PLACING IN SERVICE for Rolling stock (new framework 2016/797/EU)



PLACING IN SERVICE:
all operations to put a subsystem in its operational service (Art. 2)

New key words (Art.2):

PLACING ON THE MARKET
first making available on the Union's market of an interoperability constituent, subsystem or vehicle ready to function in its design operating state

AREA of USE
network or networks within a Member State or a group of Member States in which a vehicle is intended to be used

ONE STOP SHOP (OSS)

(circled in blue)
register of infrastructure (RINF) shall be used to check the vehicle / network compatibility

Image ERA Webpage

Process of Placing in Service for Rolling stock (new framework 2016/797/EU)

New process according to 4th railway package (due date 19.June 2019!!)

- Pre-Engagement process for clarification of relevant requirements (TSI, NNTR...)
- Applications for Placing on market to ERA through **One-Stop-Shop (OSS)**, incl. definition of Area of Use and submission of all relevant documentation (NoBo, DeBo Cert., AssBo reports ...)
- SW platform for submitting files (Applicant)
- ERA will perform the assessment or forward to NSA of Member States (MS), depending on Area of use - but no technical assessment anymore
- Decision for Vehicle **A**uthorization for **P**lacing on the **M**arket (APOM) 4 month after submission of complete documentation
- APOM of modified rolling stock depending on modification: Variant or Version, Example: Typ = VW Golf (APOM)
 - Variant = station wagon, 5 doors, convertible, right/ left-hand drive ... (APOM)
 - Version = red, leather seat, 1.8 TDI (no APOM) → self-assessment, normally no NoBo assessment
- **P**lacing **I**n **S**ervice (PIS) performed of the **R**ailway **U**ndertaking (RU) by self assessment of track compatibility (i.e. compare ERATV data of Vehicle with RINF data: e.g. axle load, ATC system, EMC....) and integration of vehicle in a train based on RU SMS
- Vehicle keeper is responsible for registration of vehicle in one MS of Area of Use.

Implementing Acts Vehicle Authorisation (IA VA)

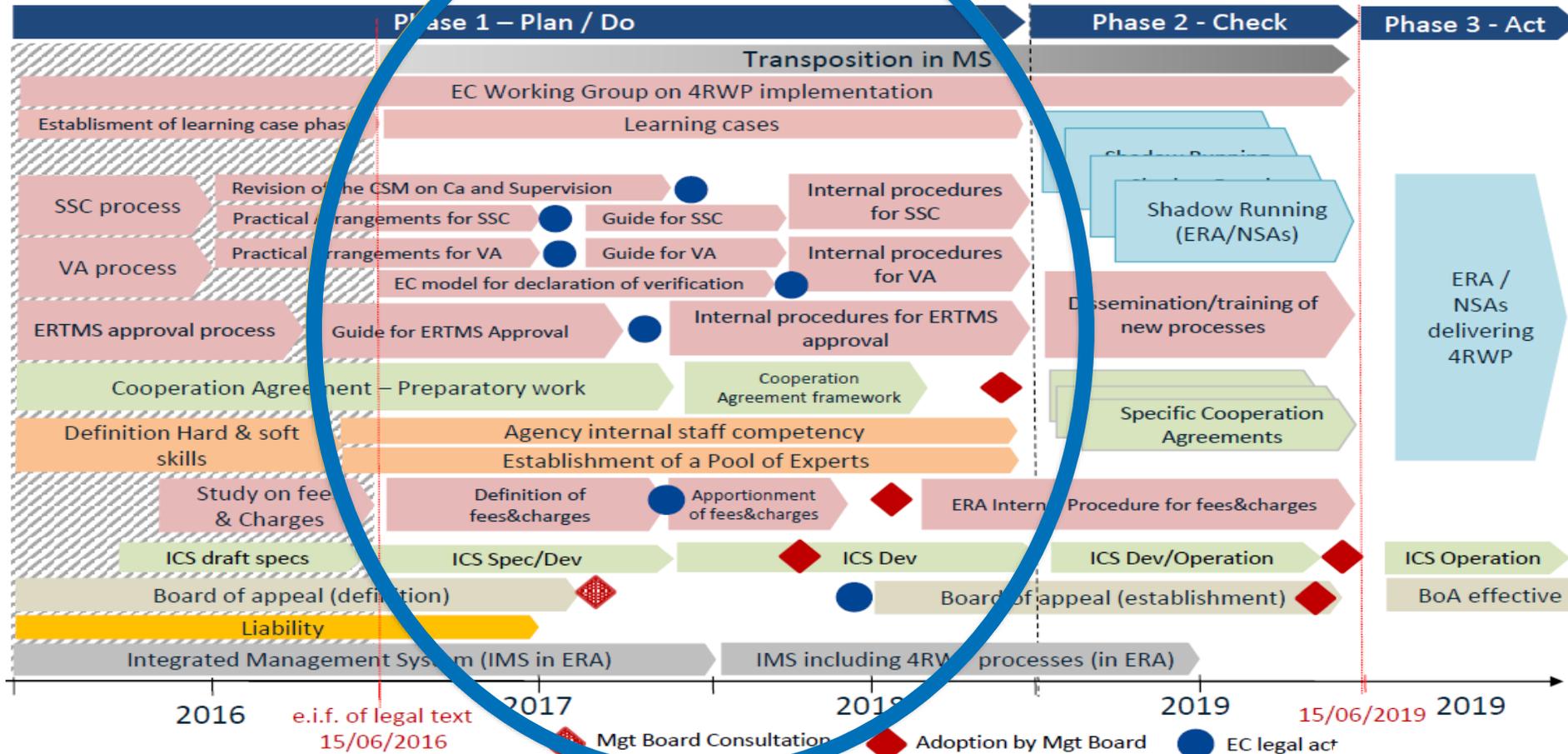
COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2018/545
of 4 April 2018
establishing practical arrangements for the railway vehicle authorisation and railway vehicle type authorisation process pursuant to Directive (EU) 2016/797 of the European Parliament and of the Council



European Rail System – 4th Railway Package

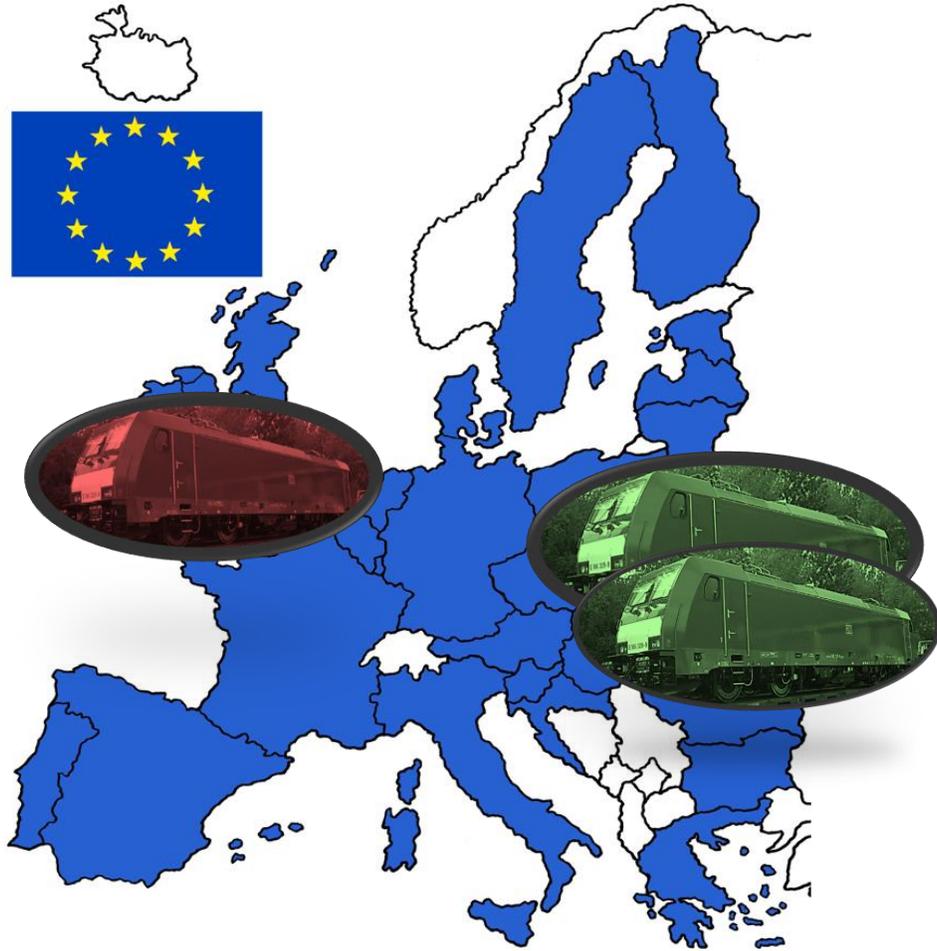


Timetable for the introduction of 4th Railway Package



Source: ERA

European Rail System – 4th Railway Package



Technically identical locomotives for a potential area of use D-A-CH-I-NL shall be initially registered in two different countries for two different operators:

- 15 locomotives (including locomotive No. 1) are to be provided by the operator and owner GREEN-Cargo operated and registered in Germany
- 5 locomotives owned by the leasing company LCR are intended for the Dutch operator RED-Transpo be registered in the Netherlands

European Rail System – 4th Railway Package

The process according to the current state

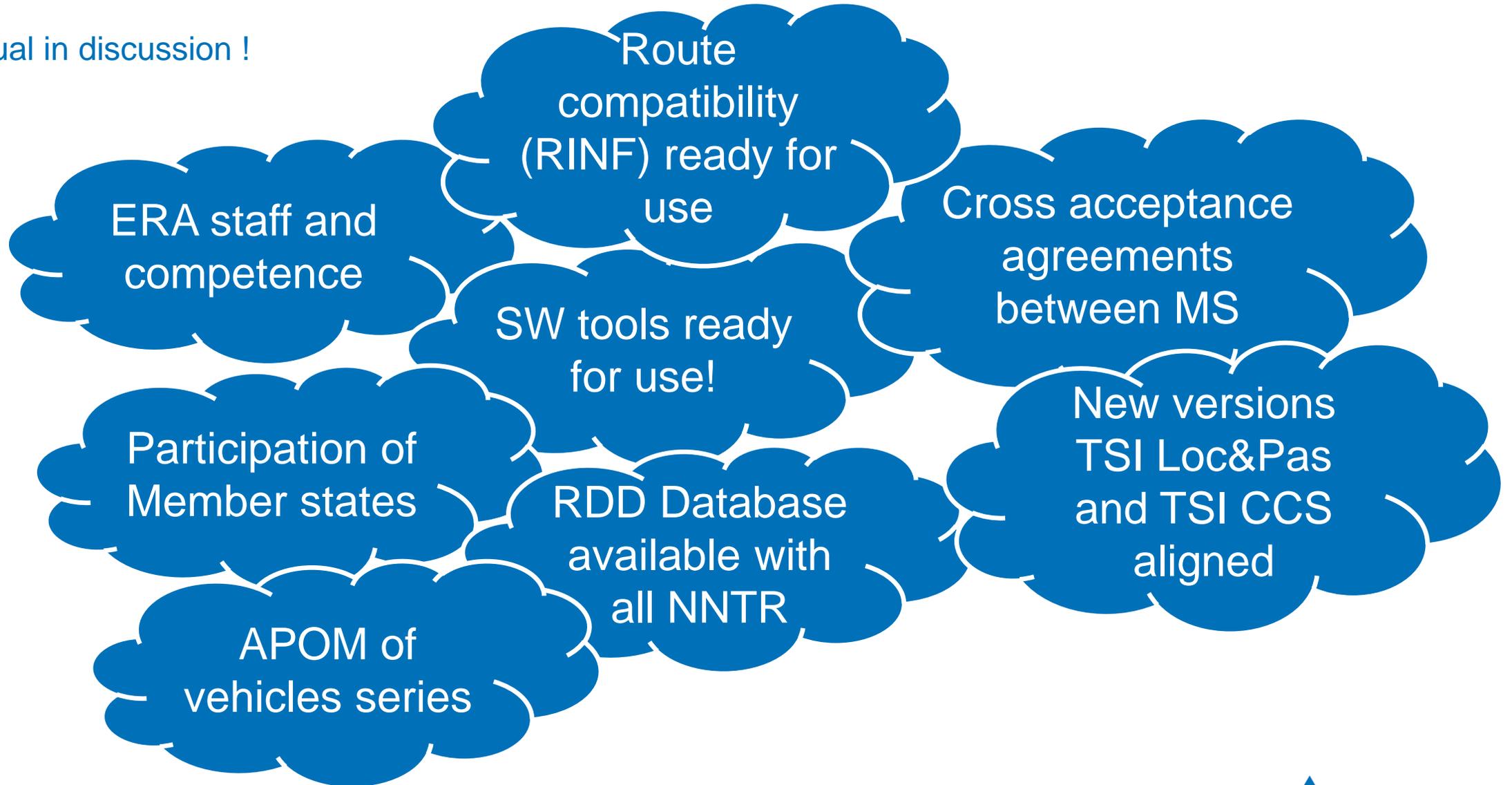
1. The applicant obtains the authorization in one country (DE)
2. After that, he goes, in turn, to the authorities of the other countries
3. Approvals from other countries are partially recognized (or not)
4. Documents are to be created "country-specific" (language!)
5. There is no transnational type concept

The process after the 4th railway package

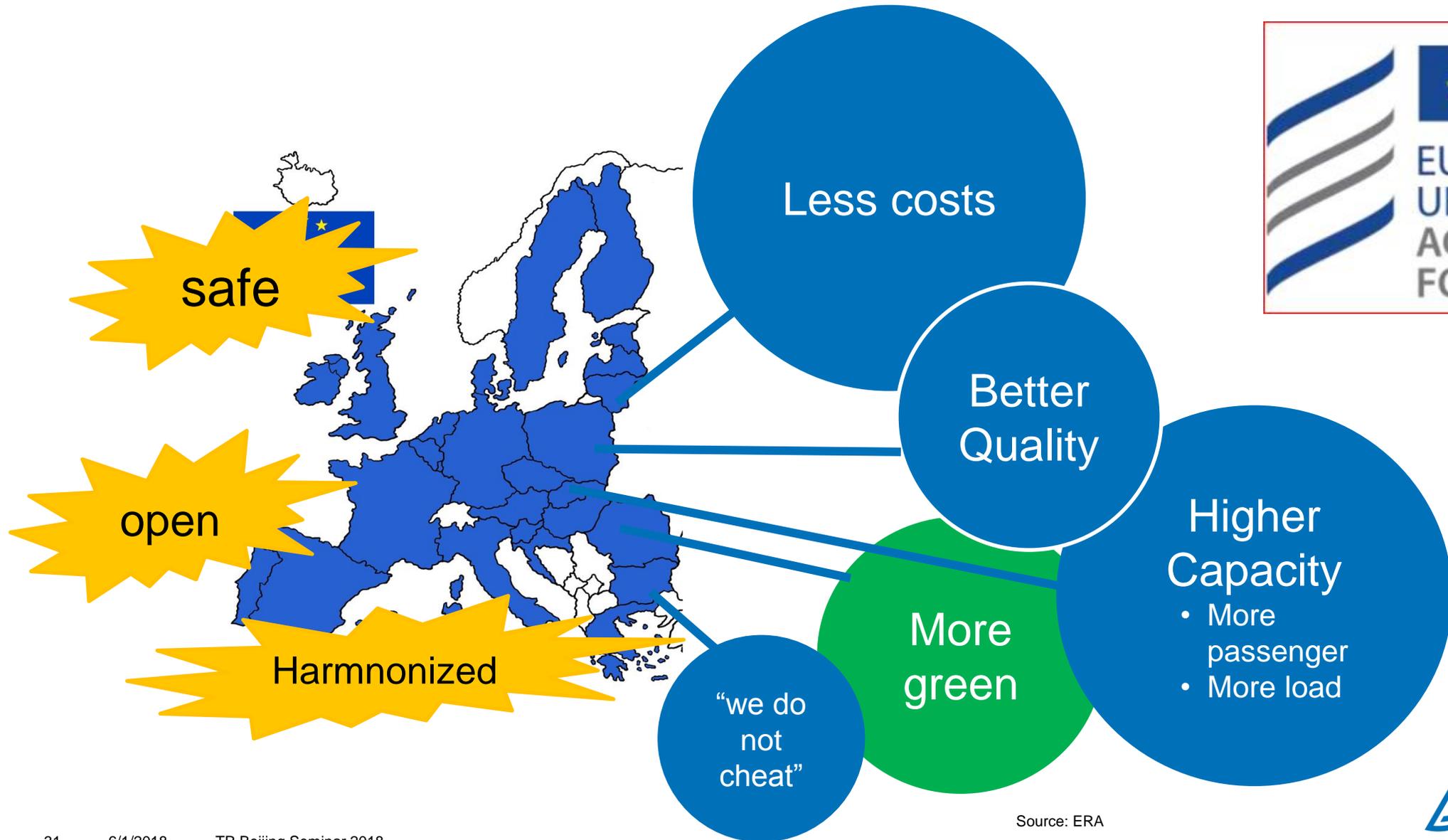
1. The manufacturer decides to apply for the first authorization to the Railway Agency of the European Union (ERA)
2. ERA invites NSA of the affected member states for meetings for first authorisation
3. Test runs are required - Locomotive No. 1 will be used (before its authorisation) to prove that the type D-A-CH-I-NL complies with the TSI and the German national rules
4. ERA subsequently issues authorisation for the type D-A-CH-I-NL for Germany, with contributions of the EBA as the competent national authority for the area of use, at the same time, ERA issues the APOM for locomotive No.1
5. Loc type D-A-CH-I-NL will be registered in European vehicle type register ERATV, the vehicle locomotive No. 1 in the German National Vehicle Register (NVR)
6. For the 5 RED-Transpo locomotives German registration can be used if the manufacturer is the applicant. Only evidence of compliance with any Dutch national rules has to be provided.
7. ERA expands the area of use for the type D-A-CH-I-NL with Netherlands, based on contributions of NSA NL as the competent national authority for the area of use
8. The registration of the 5 vehicles in the Netherlands has to be done by local authority

4th Railway Package – Questions, Challenges!

Actual in discussion !



4th Railway Package - By rail to a sustainable Europe



Source: ERA

European market access – 4th Railway Package

1	One-Belt-One-Road – to Europe
2	European Rail system
3	4th Railway Package
4	European market access
5	European market access - TÜV Rheinland as partner

European market access

Further challenges for European market access!

Beside regulated area:

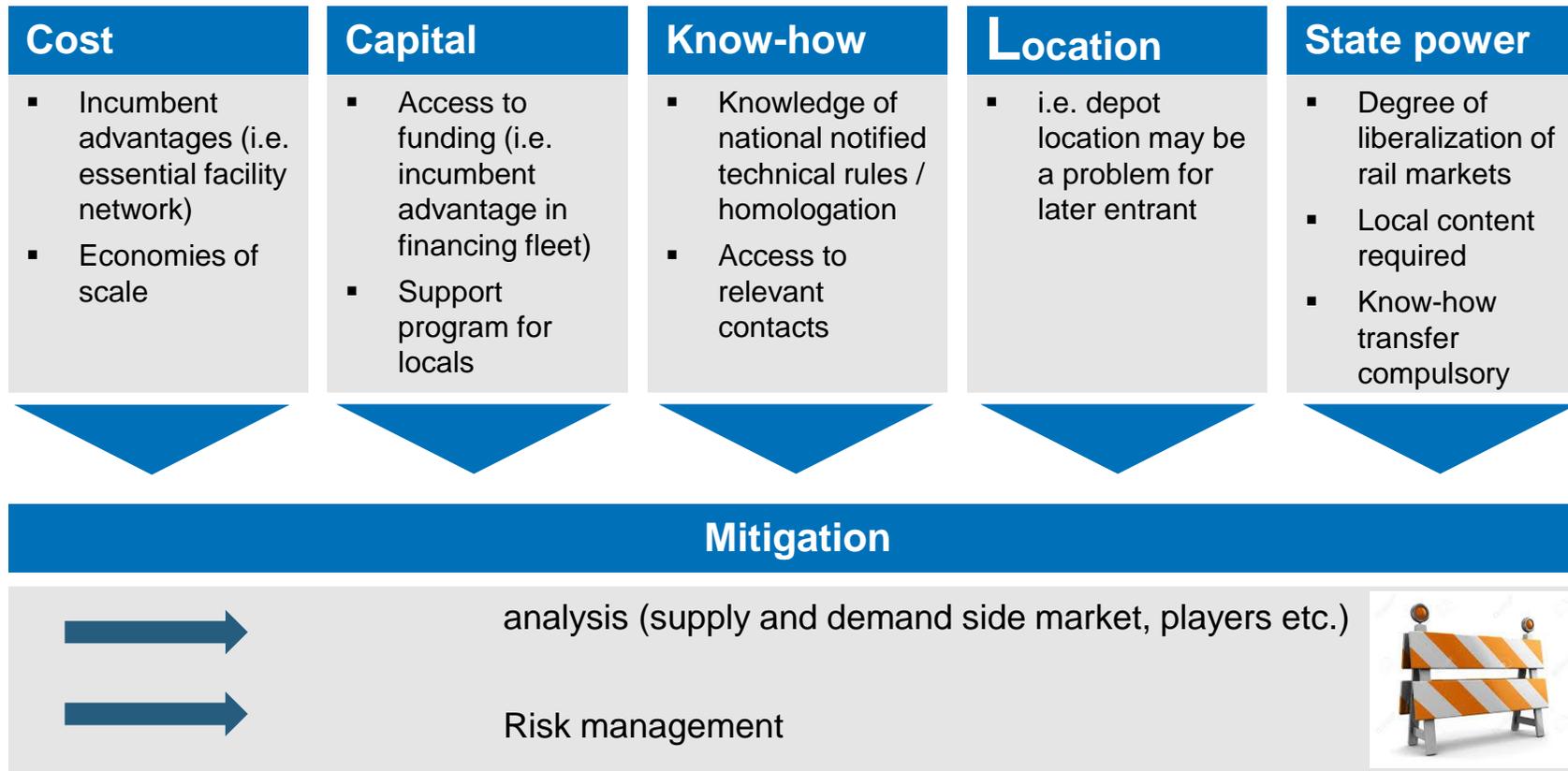


EPC = Engineering, Procurement, Construction

RU = Railway undertaking (operator)

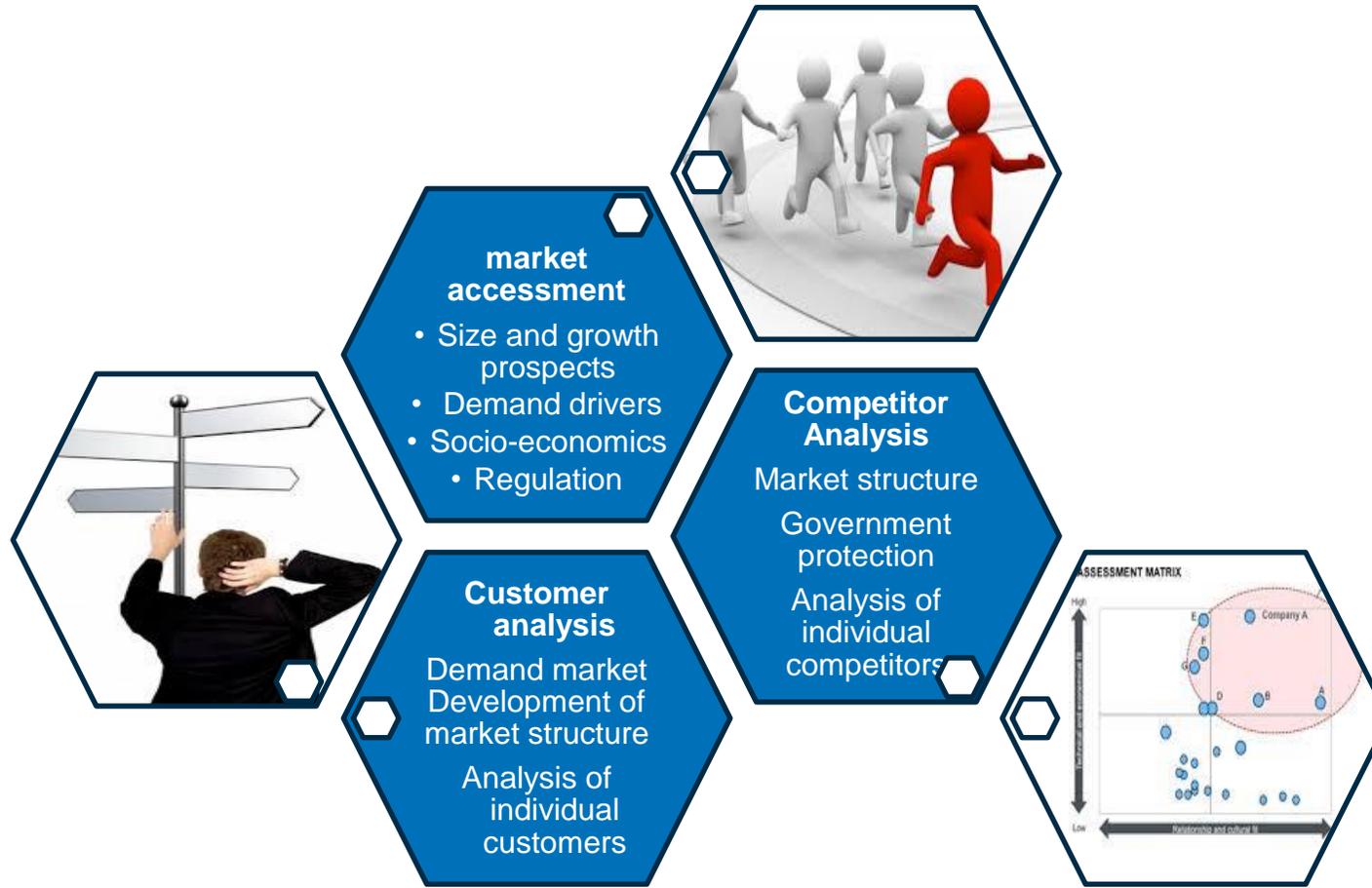
European market access - General entry barriers / risks

Structured analysis of target markets and clients will draw up entry barriers which need to be considered - examples

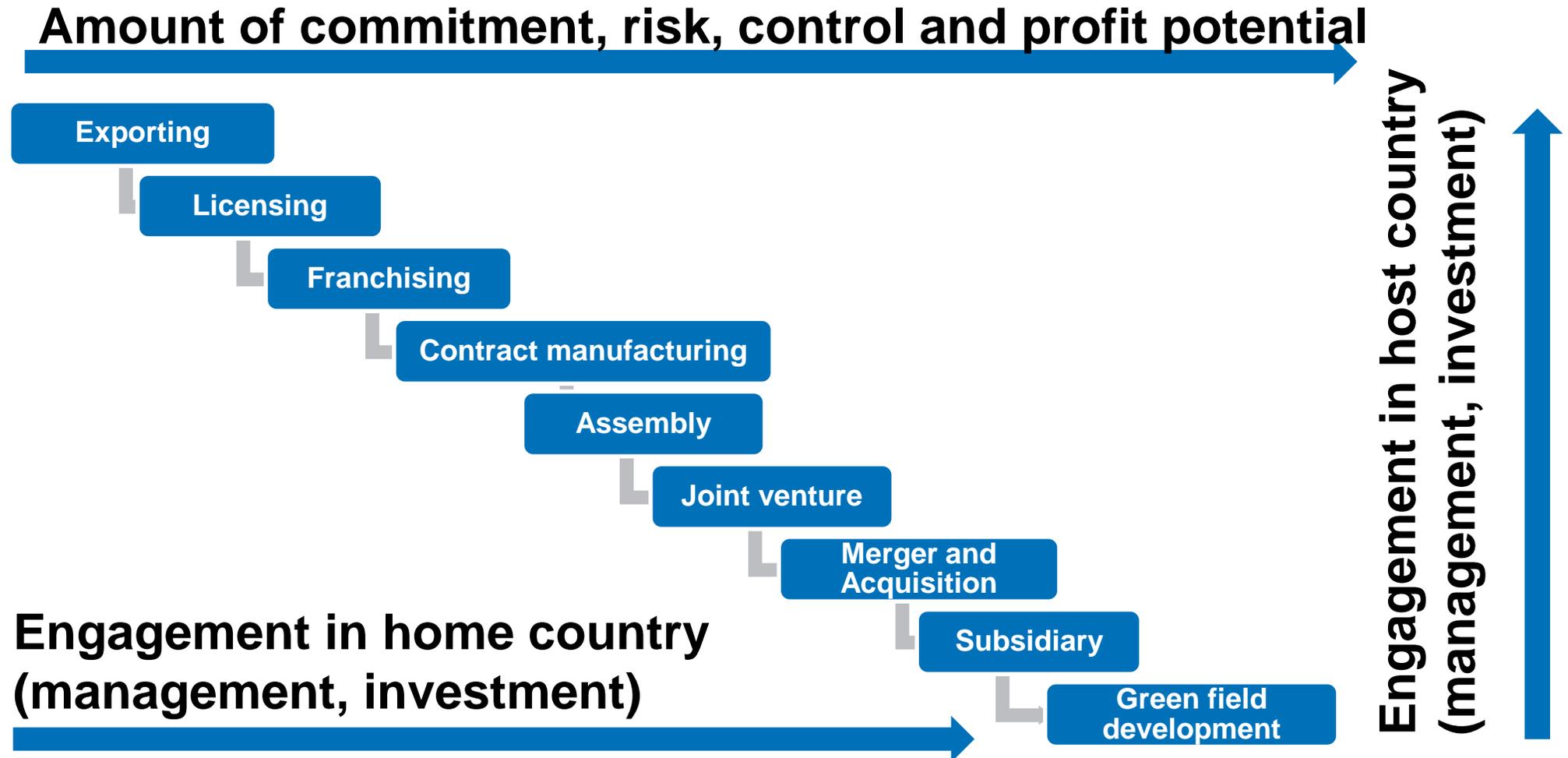


European market access - Market analysis

Comprehensive market analysis requires insight in supply and demand side market and relevant players



European market access - Types of market entry modes



European market access - Market research, business and product development



- Worldwide network - TÜV Rheinland is able to mobilize colleagues in nearly all countries
- Wide networking to suppliers, operators, authorities
- Helping to enable to build strong and lasting relationships into foreign markets
- Local view and excellent knowledge of local technical requirements and habits

From large scale ...

... to detail.

Starting with
first market
explorations ...

Getting started into a new market / a new country

Market survey, market entry supervision,

Observation of developments and current sector

Identifying opportunities in all rail segments from hardware to operations

... up to support the approval of services, components and vehicles.



European market access – 4th Railway Package

1	One-Belt-One-Road – to Europe
2	European Rail system
3	4th Railway Package
4	European market access
5	European market access - TÜV Rheinland as partner

European market access – TÜV Rheinland as partner

Considerations !



European market access – TÜV Rheinland as partner

Change considerations in solutions!



A high-speed train is captured in motion, blurred to convey speed, as it travels along a railway track. The scene is set at dusk, with a deep blue and purple sky. Overhead power lines and support structures are visible, creating a complex network of lines against the sky. The foreground shows the tracks and concrete sleepers. A blue semi-transparent banner is overlaid on the middle of the image, containing white text.

TÜV Rheinland, your reliable partner in
safeguarding railway systems work better for society

Back-up

Reference Rolling Stock – CAF Railway Passenger Car Renewal

EC-Verification of vehicle according to TSI LOC&PAS and TSI PRM as well as assessment of national technical rules (DeBo) Hungary



Client: MAV-Start, Budapest, Hungary

Project duration: June 2015 - ongoing

Project Manager: Knut Meierjürgen

TSI
new

Task, Services and Results

- Project kick-off meeting (Clarification and coordination of assessment process, bases of assessment and scope of validation)
- Assessment of documents (Assessment of technical documentation for renewed components and systems, technical notes to documents)
- Type examination (Inspection of vehicle)
- Monitoring/witnessing of test runs in Hungary
- Preparation of „Technical File“ and EC-Certificates of Verification

Reference Rolling Stock – X2000 Renewal

EC-Verification regarding to the modification of vehicle according to TSI LOC&PAS, TSI PRM and TSI NOI



Client: ABB Schweiz AG
Project duration: August 2014 - ongoing
Project Manager: Michael Dörner
Project value: 100.000 €
Project location: Turgi, Switzerland

TSI
modification

Task, Services and Results

- Project kick-off meeting (Clarification and coordination of assessment process, bases of assessment and scope of validation)
- Assessment of documents (Assessment of technical documentation for all replaced components/Subsystems, technical notes to documents)
- Type examination (Inspection of a prototype vehicle)
- Assessment of production processes in the context of product testing (module SF)
- Preparation of „Technical File“ and EC-Certificates of Verification

Total Systems for the European Market

System supplier entry support and bid support

An eastern supplier of EMU has a global strategy based on exports (project bidding) combined with acquisitions and / or green field development of production facilities

Entry strategy / mode

1. Identification of target markets and projects
2. Bidding combined with direct investment after successful bidding
3. Strategically export is an option



Market entry support services

- Identification of the most attractive European target markets for the product range of electric trainsets
- Comparative analysis (macroeconomic, political, industrial and technical drivers as well as degree of liberalization)
- Detailed analysis of identified first best target markets including development of market entry strategies and identification of particular projects
- Bid support and homologation support

LCC for tram procurement 2020 assignment



LCC/RAM oriented quality assurance for a tram procurement

City/Country: Basel, Swiss

Client: Basler Verkehrs-Betriebe BVB

Project duration: 2011 - 8 month

Project management: Christian Trescher

Scope of services / Tasks

- Cost transparency for the field of LCC already at bid appraisal
- Reduction of tram vehicle's maintenance costs
- Input for maintenance planning
- Long-term commitment from the supplier

Objective

- Clearly arranged and clearly structured LCC/RAM catalogue for bidding documents
- Development of verification processes for long-term quality assurance
- LCC/RAM analysis of submitted bids

LCC/RAM-Monitoring by developing KPIs in Maintenance



Field data concept and definition of requirements for LCC/RAM

City/Country/Marketplace: Berlin/Germany

Client : Berliner Verkehrsbetriebe

Project Duration: 4 months

Contracting Authority: Management Light Rail,
BS-F

Project Management: Markus Krippner

Project deliverables / Tasks

- Definition of the requirements for a software tool for the evaluation of operating and maintenance data
- Concept definition for field data acquisition based on SAP-PM (state of contract displayed as 'traffic light')

Results

- Fully automated verification of the guaranteed LCC/RAM-parameters
- Minimum possible data maintenance effort (No double data entry in maintenance)
- Day-to-day LCC / RAM evaluations

Procurement of light rail vehicles (TW3000)



Supporting the procurement of new light rail vehicles

City/Country: Hannover, Germany

Client: üstra Hannoversche Verkehrsbetriebe AG

Project duration: 10 months

Project management: Christian Trescher

Scope of services / Tasks

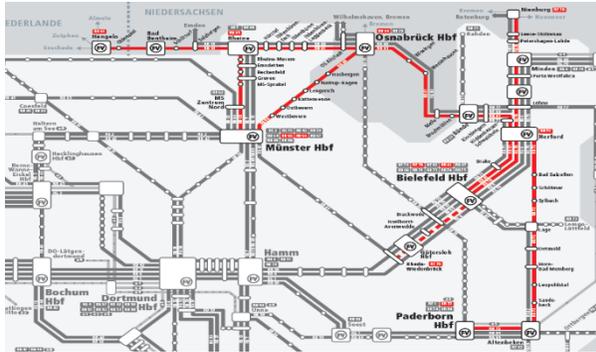
- Cost transparency during the bid appraisal
- Long term commitment of suppliers - even after the warranty period
- Creation of budget and planning security in the field of maintenance

Objective

- Workshops for determination of LCC / RAM criteria
- Guidelines for preparing a bid
- Definition of verification processes
- LCC / RAM evaluation of the bids received

Rail – Case Studies

Bid Management and definition of optimized operation and maintenance



...for Keolis



Tasks

- Project Management of the overall bid process and vehicle procurement
- Bid document quality assurance
- Definition of a detailed operation and maintenance program
- Appraisal of maintenance effort
- Workshop site identification and concept elaboration
- Yearly revenue prognosis for gross contract
- Vehicle specification and EU-wide tendering

Network

- 5.3m km
- 27 EMU (used and new)
- 12/2017-12/2032

Rail – Case Studies

Vehicle production supervision Brazil / Korea



Build supervision for

15 metro trainsets for ViaQuatro, Metro Line 4 São Paulo, produced by Rotem in Changwon

Client ViaQuatro Metro São Paulo

Tasks of TÜV Rheinland

Build supervision, first article inspection and acceptance of trains at Changwon rolling stock manufacturing site to guarantee international best practice and highest quality standards